NEW YORK CITY.

WHITED STATES DISTRICT COURT-CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

Case of the Missing Defendants. United States vs. Ferdinand Sulsberger Others .- In this case, after five days' hearing, the jury rendered a verdict of guilty on Tuesday night. Charles Hartman, one of the defendants, was present in court part of Wednesday, and yesterday he and Jacob Fluischamer were present. Ferdinand Suls-berger and George Strauss were called, and not having appearance their recognizances were for feited. Fluischamer and Hartman, on being called up for judgment, counsel put in an affidavit from up for judgment, counsel put in an affidavit from Jacob Hess, one of the defendants, who was acquitted, and another from Fluischamer himself, in each of which it was deposed that he had no interest nor connection in any sense of the word or meaning, and that if any acts of fraud had been committed by the removal of whiskey from the distillery in Eighth street to the rectifying establishment in Ninth street or elsewhere he was entirely ignorant of such proceedings. There were also letters testimonial of good character, all of which the Court took into consideration and said that the penalty incurred by the defendant was a fine of not less than \$1,000, and not exceeding \$10,000 and two years' imprisonment, at the discretion of the Court. He had stated on a late occasion that it was the duty of the Court and all those engaged in the administration of the law to carry out its provisions, and by that means to suppress the demoralization that existed and create a healthy public opinion in its stead. In the case of Fluischamer

gaged in the administration of the law to carry out its provisions, and by that means to suppress the demoralization that existed and create a healthy public opinion in its stead. In the case of Fluischamer the conviction should stand against him, but the sentence should be suspended and remain in force to be hereafter, if found necessary, enforced at any time, should the defendant transgress the law. The case of Charles Hartman was different from that just disposed of. The sentence of the Court in his case should be a fine of \$5,000 and ten days' imprisonment, and to be further detained in custody until the fine shall be paid. Hartman was then removed to prison and Fluischamer set at liberty. Ex-Jugg Fullerton and D. C. Birdsall for defendants.

The Dutted States vs. James W. Winter.—In this case the defendant, who has been in jail since August last, was indicted for forging seventeen checks, the aggregate amount of which was \$3,344 in the more than of May, June and July, 1867. At that time he was in the employment as clerk of Colonel Morgan, Assistant Quartermaster General of the United States Army, and while so employed he forged the Colonel's name to those checks on the United States Treasury, all of which were paid. The prisoner pleaded guilty and Judge Blatchford will receive affidavits and hear picas in mitigation of punishment to-day. Colonel Morgan testified to the upright character of the prisoner for five years previous to the acts of forgery. The United States vs. — Lloyd.—In this case the prisoner was indicted for selling counterfeit twenty-five cent stamps, national currency, to which he picaoner was indicted for passing counterfeit twenty-five cent stamps, national currency. The jurited States of forgery.

The United States vs. — Lloyd.—In this case the prisoner was indicted for passing counterfeit twenty-five cent stamps, national currency. The jurited value for not guilty. Orlander States vs. George King.—The prisoner was indicted for passing counterfeit twenty-five cent stamps, national curren

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT-CIVIL CALENDAR.

Jury Trial on Bond. Before Judge Blatchford.

Charles Sagory vs. J. Fitz Wissman, Administra tor of Frederick Wissman, deceased.—In this case the plaintiff brought an action against Frederick an, in his ilifetime, to recover the amount of Wissman, in his diffetime, to recover the amount of his bond for \$20,000, or the amount of a judgment of a State court in Virginia for \$18,399. The defendant set up that he was consul of Frankfort and that the State court had no jurisdiction; he also set up other pleas, which were either overruled or withdrawn. The Court held that the plaintiff was entitled to recover on the bond, and the jury found a verdict for him for \$38,879 99. T. J. Giover for plaintiff; S. P. Nash for defendant.

SUPREME COURT-CIRCUIT-PART !. Action Against a City Railroad Company for Damages. Before Judge Ingalis.

James Kain, &c., vs. The Grand Street and Fortysecond Street Railroad Company .- Plaintiff sucs as uardian to recover \$10,000 damages for injuries sustained by his child in consequence of the alleged negligence of the defendants' servants. It appears that plaintiff's daughter, a child about two years of age, was on the 19th of July, 1865, injured by having one of her fingers crushed in a manner that subsequently necessitated amputation, the child having been, it appears, alone in Cannon street, one of the defondants' cars mutilated its hand. From the testimony of the child's elder sister it seems that some children, including the one injured, were playing school, when the little one ran away and reached the street. In playing on the street the child ran in front of the horses, and the driver called to it, but his warning was unheeded, and he failed to turn down the brake. The conductor ran to the forward part of the car and appised the brake, and the car was checked just as it crushed the child's finger.

The defence is a general denial of negligence, and an allegation of negligence on the plaintif's part in allowing the child to be in the street unprotected. The case is adjourned untit Monday morning. sustained by his child in consequence of the alleged

SUPREME COURT-CHAMBERS. The Chicago and Northwestern Railroad Company's Litigation.

Before Judge Ingraham. Howell & De Veau vs. The Chicago and Northspestern Railroad Company et al. - This case came up yesterday on the motion to continue the prelimi-

apy esterday on the motion to continue the preliminary injunction, enjoining the issue of preferred atook for the payment of, or as a means of paying, a dividend of ten per cent lately declared on the common capital stock of the company.

The defendants claimed that under the laws of lilinois and Wisconsin this power is conferred upon them, and was also vested in the corporations which were consolidated with the defendants, the same were consolidated with the defendants, the same franchises and powers as were formerly exercised by those torporations being by the act of incorpora-tion especially cenferred upon the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad Company. It is also claimed that the courts of this State have no jurisdiction of the question. At the close of the argument the Court took the papers, reserving its decision.

SUPERIOR COURT-SPECIAL TERM.

Decisions. Judge Garvin rendered judgment in the following cases yesterday morning:-

cases yesterday morning:—

Trifant vs. Merrell.—Reference ordered.
Bergman vs. Schandle.—Motion granted.
Cole vs. Chase.—Order granted.
Siegel vs. Wicks.—Motion granted.
Siebert vs. Schmidt.—Motion for receiver granted.
By Judge McCunn.
Satteriee vs. De Coma.—Motion denied.
The Nutional Bank of North America, in the city of New York, vs. Mayer.—Motion to discharge from arrest denied, with \$10 costs.
Steele vs. Steele.—Demurer overruled and judgment ordered for plaintiff.

COURT GALENDAR-THIS DAY.

COURT GALENDAS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—Nos. 4626, 4472, 4735, 4757, 4821, 4840, 4842, 4852, 4963, 4983, 4990, 5018, 5021, 5021, 5021, 5021, 5092, 2002, 2235, 2643, 3160, 3272, 3335, 3373, 3611, 3667, 4012, 4063, 4112, 42.1, 4260, 4283, 4522, 4551, 4568, 4682, 4731, 4762, 4717, 4789, 4806, 4917, 4988, 5031, 5040, 5011, 5034, 5011, 4758, 5653, 1977, 2038, 3552, 4003, 4025, 4049, 4053, 4340, 4484, 4484, 4604, 4619, 4629, 4704, 4807, 4609, 5068, 5013, 5013, 5014, 5049, 5096, 5076, 5097, 4809, 4066, 5068, 419, 1741, 2677, 256445, 27824, 2819, 2829, 3744, 4086, 4259, 4255, 4286, 4293, 4313, 4337, 4423, 4432, 4468, 4707, 4723, 4760, 4761, 4782, 4782, 4781

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

SPECIE FOR EUROPE.-The steamship Hermann. which sailed from this port for Bremen yesterday, took out one hundred and thirty passengers and

FATALLY SCALDED,-On Wednesday afternoon Edward Chmidt, four years of age, whose parents live at 358 East Tenth street, fell into a boiler filled with hot water and was fatally scalded. Death subsequently ensued at licilevue Hospital. An inquest was held on the body by Coroner Flynn.

FOUND DEAD.—Margaret Burns, a woman fifty

pears of age, recently housekeeper in the sailors' boarding house No. 383 Water street, yesterday afternoon was found dead in her bed. She retired on Wednesday night apparently in good health. The cause of death is as yet unknown. An inquest will be held on the body to-day.

EIGHTH INTERNAL REVENUE DISTRICT .- All the have been stopped by order of Collector Spaulding.

Quantities of proof whiskey have been sold as low as \$1 00 per gallon, and this coming to the knowledge of the collector induced him to believe that there must have been fraudulent practices somewhere, which he is determined to unearth.

EMBANEMENT CASUALTY.-Coroner Flynn yesterday held ap inquest on the body of Edward Magner,

who was crushed to death by a bank of earth caving in upon him while engaged in digging a cellar in Fourth avenue, between Thurty-eighth and Thirty ninth streets. The jury rendered a verdict of accidental death. Deceased lived in Fourth avenue, near Forty-eighth street.

PATAL ACCIDENT TO AN AGED WOMAN.—An in-quest was held at No. 246 Mott street, by Coroner Keenan, on the body of Catharine Roberts, whose death resulted from injuries received by falling dow a flight of stairs at the above number. The occur rence being accidental, a verdict to that effect wa rendered by the jury. Deceased was seventy-sit years of age and a native of Ireland.

INJURED AND BURNED .- Coroner Flynn held an child six years of age, whose death resulted from injuries and burns. On Saturday last deceased was with his father in the bake shop No. 189 Madison street, where he fell into a large pan of hot fat which stood on the floor, thus receiving injuries and burns that caused death.

THE DOG LAW .- This law went into effect on the 22d inst. Up to this morning only 208 dogs had been destroyed. Last year rather more than this number were received on the first day that the law went into operation. The diminution in the amount paid for the delivery of dogs at the pound has a marked effect in diminishing the number offered for sacrifice.

THE STEAMTUG EXPLOSION.—In consequence of the absence of the necessary witnesses Coroner Flynn did not proceed yesterday with the investigation in

the case of Wm. Lynch, late pilot of the tugboat F. Leverghne, who was killed on Saturday last by the explosion of the boiler of the Leverghne. The tugboat has been raised and towed to the Jersey shore. As soon as Dr. Knox can secure the winesses the inquisition will be proceeded with,

SUICIDE OF AN INVALID.—Coroner Keenan held

an inquest at the morgue on the body of Timothy Dugan, about forty years of age and a native of Ireland, who took his own life. For some months past and, who took his own life. For some months past deceased had been a patient in Bellevue Hospital, and when quite ill was heard by Warden Brennan to say he did not wish to live and would like to commit suicide. Upon partially recovering Dugan ceased talking about self destruction, and was permitted to waik about the kospital grounds by the Warden; but it appears he still intended to end a miscrable existence, and wandering down to the dock plunged overboard and was drowned. The jury accordingly rendered a vertict in accordance with the facts as stated above.

DEMOCRATIC TRIUMPHAL ARCH.-Artisans are at present busy erecting a triumphal arch across the street in front of Tammany Hall, in Fourteenth street. In front of Tammany Hall, in Fourteenth street. The structure is thirty-five feet high, flity feet across the street, and forty feet the other way, it will be covered with evergreens in such a manner as to form four arches, one on each side; a pediment will be formed on each corner, and on the sides facing up and down the street pictures of General Jackson will be displayed. Through the arch the democratic procession will pass on the 4th proximo.

ANNUAL CONCERT AND FESTIVAL OF THE STUYVE ANNUAL CONCERT AND FESTIVAL OF THE STUTYESANT CLUE.—Old Peter Stuyvesant, despite his
wooden leg and saturnine disposition, had he been
present at the annual concert and festival yesterday,
at Union Park, of the club bearing his name, could not
helped dancting and being merry. The festivities began at four P. M. and late in the evening were at their
height. The spacious pavilion set apart for dancing was tassefully decorated with flags, and so the
entrance to the park and the surrounding grounds,
and in the evening they were brilliantly lit up with
variegated lights, and then there were fine music by
two bands, lively dancing, gay toliets, a fine supper
and a fine time generally. It was an afternoon and
evening of most pleasant enjogment to the members
of the club and their hosts of friends present.

Strawberry and Floral Exhibition.—A public

STRAWBERRY AND FLORAL EXHIBITION .- A public floral and horticultural exhibition took place vester day afternoon at the floral and agricultural depot No. 245 Broadway. There was a large attendance of visitors and some fine specimens were shown to amateur and professional cultivators. Among the principal exhibitors were R. Ross Brook, New Jersey; J. Crane, New Jersey; E. C. Hall, George Lucas, E. F. Field, T. Sears, G. H. Banto, J. R. Smith, T. Eryck, Whitlock J. Em. The plants, flowers, fruit and berries exhibited were very creditable. Some beautiful specimens of flowers were also shown by Acker & Co. and consisted chiefly of Lady's Fingers, &c. A few good samples of the early rose potato planted April 14 and dug June 16 were sent in by J. S. Connor. The variety of roses was exceedingly large and picturesque, and in some instances gave evidence of very careful growth. The exhibition having been closely scrutinized a very interesting discussion was taken up by the learned members of the audience upon the etymology and ethnology of each fruit, while the less skillful indulged in some of the most toothsome berries. These discussions and exhibitions, which are very instructive and interesting, will be continued on Thursday next.

Coney Island to be A Quarantine Station.—

CONEY ISLAND TO BE A QUARANTINE STATION .-The Board of Quarantine Commissioners give notice that they are about to proceed, under the act of April that they are about to proceed, under the act of April 21, 1866, to take possession of the westerly section of Coney Island for the purpose of erecting buildings for the residences of officers and men engaged in the administration of quarantine. Nothing is said about hospitals. The part of the Island they propose to take is described in the act as lying west of a line drawn due north and south across the island two rods east of the casterly side of the building known as the Pavillon, near the steomboat landing. Application is to be made to the Supreme Court in the city of New York on the third Monday of July paxi for the appointment of commissioners to assess the value of the land to be taken.

EARLY AT WORK .- Officer McGill, of the Fourth precinct, brought two men up to the Mulberry street white house vesterday for the purpose of introducing them to Inspector Dilks, who was to decide whether they were fit candidates for prominent distinction in the picture gallery of that establishment. The inspector thought so from the fact that according to the officer's account they were found in James slip at an early hour in the morning trying by the doorlocks what virtue there was in the skeleton keys which they had in their possession. Their names are George Manning and William Johnson, the latter named being known to the delicate young chief of the detectives under the alias of lift Ches. Notwithstanding an absence of five years William was identined. Their pictures were taken and they were then taken down to the Fourth precinct.

The LATE DR. RAPHALL.—The obscuries of the

THE LATE DR. RAPHALL.—The obsequies of the late Dr. Raphall, Ph. D., late rabbi preacher of the congregation Bnai Jeshurun, took place yesterday afternoon from the synagogue of Shaaray Tefita in West Thirty-fourth street. A numerous congregation attended to witness the obscquies. The coffu, containing the remains of the deceased, rested on a hier in front of the pulpit, and was covered with a black velvet pall. Delegations of mourners were present from the different congregations in the city, Rev. D. Vidaver, rabbi of the synagogue, preached an eloquent oration eulogistic of the many virtues of the deceased. Among those present were Dr. Bondi, of the Hebreio Leader; Rev. Dr. Lyon, of the Nineteenth street synagogue; C. M. Levy, son-in-law of the deceased, and Captain Raphall, his son; A. Joel, A. Honegman, Benj, Russak, J. Alexander, Joseph Ade, and many other friends and relatives. After the termination of the funeral ceremonies the coffin was borne out of the church by pall bearers, and soon after being placed in the hearse the correge moved off to Cypress Hills Cemetery, where the remains will be interred. congregation Bnai Jeshurun, took place yesterday

ALLEGED FELONIOUS ASSAULT .- Peter Wilmot wa yesterday brought before Judge Shandley, of the Essex Market Police Court, charged with striking Wm. Doty, of No. 318 Delancey street, on the head with a stone. An old feud existed between the two men. The accused gave ball to appear for examination.

THROWN DOWN A FLIGHT OF STAIRS.—Christian

THROWN DOWN A FLIGHT OF STAIRS.—Christian Gobelman, a grocer, of No. 17 Clinton street, went to collect a bill of Leopold Mittasch, when it is alleged the latter, assisted by a man named Bendinger, threw him down a flight of stairs, injuring him very seriously. The accused were arrested and taken yester-day before Judge Shandley, of the Essex Market Police Court, who held them to bail to answer the charge.

KLOPEMANIA.—Yesterday afternoon two fashionably dressed women, giving their names as Kate Martin and Eliza Wallace, were arraigned Justice Shandley, at the Essex Market Police Court. Justice Shandley, at the Essex Market Police Court, charged with stealing two pieces of silk dress goods of the aggregate value of \$550 from the store of Lake & McCreery, of 471 Broadway. The prisoners were arrested by officer Whitcomb, of the Twenty-fifth precinct, who caused the women to be searched when the stolen goods were found concealed under their skirts. The prisoners were committed for trial without ball.

THE ALLEGED LOTTERY FRAUD.-Ex-Alderman Charles McBrien, one of the parties against whom Adam Rediger, of No. 540 West Forty-seventh street, Adam Rediger, of No. 540 West Forty-seventh street, entered a complaint for being engaged in the lottery business, corner of Chatham and Pearl streets, contrary to the laws of this State, appeared before Justice Dowling yesterday afternoon and was required to give ball in the sum of \$2,000 to await an examination. It is but an act of justice to the Alderman to say that while in court he declared he had no interest whatever in the lottery enterprise complained of, and was therefore entirely innocent of any violation of law in the matter.

The Stern Burglary and Robbery.—Yesterday afternoon Justice Dowling rendered his decision in

afternoon Justice Dowling rendered his decision in the case of Henry Clinton, the Rochester financier. the case of Henry Clinton, the Rochester financier, recently arrested on the charge of being concerned in breaking into the house of Mr. Baruch Stern, of No. 238 West Forty-eighth street, on the night of the 26th of April last and robbing the safe of government bonds, other securities, diamond jewelry, to the amount of \$27,000, as previously reported. The magistrate on the evidence adduced thought it sufficiently strong to justify him in holding Clinton to answer any indictment which the Grand Jury my find against him. In default of \$5,000 ball Clinton was fully committed to the Tombs for trial.

THE ALLEGED \$100,000 SWINDLE.

tability of the Firm's Assets and Liability

Important Facts Elicited.

The readers of the Herald will remember that early in this year Brown, Brothers & Co., bankers, Wall street, caused the arrest of James K. Place, jate of the firm of J. K. Place & Co., importers, Fr street, on the charge of obtaining \$100,000 by false

The case has been before Justice Ledwith, of the Jefferson Market Police Court, for some months. The entire evidence given at Jefferson Market from time to time has been fully reported in the HERALD. A synopsis of the evidence since the 29th of May is

given below:—

John E. Johnston's examination continued by Mr. Shaffer.—Efforts were made by me to arrive at an approximate idea of the true condition of Mr. Place's affairs. I regard our report as giving a general statement of Mr. Place's affairs at the time of the failure—as correct a settle-ment as we are enabled to get at. We arrived at the liabilities of the firm from the books. We made the arm's liabilities on the 20th of November, 1867 \$1,100,000 in round numbers. We did not satisfactorily ascertain their liabilities on the 16th of August, 1867, nor did we investigate to that end, and, therefore, I cannot state what their liabilities were on that day nor give an approximate idea; I cannot give an idea of their assets or liabilities on the 16th of August, but I have a general idea : ties on the 16th of August, but I have a general idea; I believe the assets of the firm on the 21st of November, 1867, in round numbers, to be about half a million; the committee had a list of the items making up the assets, furnished by James K. Place & Co.; the list was furnished by James K. Place & Co.; the list was furnished by Mr. Burritt, under Mr. Place's supervision; when Mr. Burritt handed us these figures Mr. Place referred us to Mr. Burritt: the items going to make up the assets consisted of merchandise on hand and various book accounts, also some individual property of Mr. Place and Mr. Sparkman; I do not recollect the particulars of Mr. Sparkman; I do not recollect the particulars of Mr. Sparkman; by property; if my recollection serves me, the property of Mr. Sparkman included in this statement was over \$50,000; it was not \$100,000; what I refer to was the statement as coming from Mr. Sparkman; the private property of Mr. Place, included in our statement, was based upon the schedule handed us; I have the figures showing the assets of the firm proper; it consisted of \$10,00 in bank stock and insurance script; the items were open accounts, bills receivable, insurance script, bank stock and merchandise.

Witness here exhibited a statement furnished by Mr. Burritt as to the assets of the firm:

Bank stock and serviced a statement furnished by Mr. Burritt as to the assets of the firm:

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Bank stock and serviced a statement furnished by Mr. Burritt as to the assets of the firm:

Bank stock and serviced a statement furnished by Mr. Burritt as to the assets I believe the assets of the firm on the 21st of Novem-

rency.
Surplus after paying Maitland:—
Phillips & Co.'s loan.
And premium at 33½ per cent.
A. D. Sparkman's net assets.
J. K. Place's net assets.

Making total of property in hands of re-

Q. Is it a strange thing to find an entry of that kind in books? A. It consider it is strange; if it is entered it is seen by the clerks; Mr. Place did not pay interest upon the amount that had not been paid in; he paid interest upon the amount that was equivalent to the purported capital; I have been in Brown Brothers & Co.'s establishment sixteen years. At this stage of the proceedings Mr. Shaffer put several questions relative to the routine of commercial houses, the answers to which do not seem to have a very material bearing upon the case.

Q. What do you mean by this entry in your report:—"This entry must have been made to give an idea that the capital was \$60,000." To give the idea to whom? A. To anybody who looked at the entry: it would give that idea to anybody who looked at the entry: it was fraudulent or dishonest.

Mr. Whitney here examined the witness—The paper I have produced is in the handwriting of Mr. Burritt, or a man that he employed; in speaking of the payment of interest by the respective partners. I do not contemplate the payment of interest to third persons, of whom this deficiency in capital was borrowed; in contemplating it I simply referred to the individual partners paying the interest to third persons, of whom this deficiency in capital was borrowed; in contemplating it I simply referred to the individual partners paying the interest to the firm, and to all entries to that effect being made in the books; that being the case, it would make no essential difference as to the facts as to the capital on hand.

To Mr. Shaffer—There was an interest account; if they borrowed money the interest account; in appeared in the interest account; it appeared in the interest account; it they got discount there was an interest account; it appeared in the interest account; it appeared in the interest account; in the pay interest on the sum he had not paid in; so with Mr. Sparkman; the difference would pay interest on the amount be had paid in? A. In Mr. Sparkman; the difference would pay interest on th

capital, and whether it is interest or not, the loss or result would be the same.

Another hearing took place on the 11th of June, when John E. Johnson was recalled by Mr. Shaffer and testified—I have made no efforts to ascertain the liabilities of J. K. Place & Co. on the 1st January. 1807; I cannot state the assets and liabilities of the firm on the 1st January separately; I cannot give the figures, nor the details in the aggregate; I cannot state the losses they sustained from January 1, 1807, to August 10 of the same year, beyond what has been already given, neither can I state whether any losses were sustained within that period; I made no investigation to ascertain whether losses had been sustained or profits made within the dates mentioned; my impression is that losses were made; I think their business during this period—from January 1 to November 20, 1867—involved one or two millions—possibly more than that; we made no investigation as to the character of the purchases and sales from August 16 to November 20, 1867; we observed no difference in the purchases and sales during those periods.

The witness was examined at considerable length by Messers. Whitney, Shaffer and Anthon, but no important facts were elicited.

The further hearing in the case was ended before Justice Ledwith on the 15th inst. when the Court and Mr. Shaffer, counsel for defendant, being absent, Mr. Sheffield, one of the assignees of James K. Pace & Co., under the voluntary assignment, appeared and produced two ledgers and one journal of James K. Pace & Co. for periods subsequent to December 31, 1865, and the complainant voluntarily introduced in evidence, as to which introduced. The complainant volundarily introduced in evidence, as to which introduced. The complainant also offers in evidence the original bankruptcy petition and schedule on file with John Fitch, register, to which the defendant reserves the same right to strike out and object.

The defendant admitted that the two ledgers and the journal produced are the ones referred

Mr. Whitney stated that if these books and papers are received in evidence by the Court the complainants rested their case.

EXTENSIVE THEFT OF DIAMOND JEWELRY.

Prison Keeper. Yesterday afternoon Mrs. Sarah Price, residing at No. 110 Clinton place, accompanied by several female members of her family, appeared before Justice Dowling at the Tombs as witnesses against Harry Willis, an ex-keeper of the Jefferson Market prison, had been exceeded by descriptor, and Dowling at the Tombs as witnesses against Harry Willis, an ex-keeper of the Jefferson Market prison, who had been arrested by detectives Barker and Murphy, of the Fifteenth precinct, on the charge of larceny preferred against him by Mrs. Price. In her affidavit she charges that on the 16th instant Willis entered her house and stole from her one pair solitaire diamond earrings worth \$1,000, one cluster diamond finger ring valued at \$600, and other articles of diamonds, in all to the value of \$2,475, together with \$400 in money. It is charged that Willis was seen in the complainant's house a number of times during the day on which the property was stolen, and was a constant visitor previous to that day; that since that time Willis has not been seen about the house nor heard from anywhere throughout the city, although search has been made for him.

Henry Joost, of 112 Clinton place, states that on the day Mrs. Price was robbed he saw Charles Terry come out of her house in a hurried manner and go off; this was about the time the property was stolen. Mr. Joost saw Terry enter the house, in which he remained ten or fifteen minutes and then came out.

Detective Ralph P. Barker, of the Fifteenth precinct, testified that he had a conversation with Willis after his arrest, during which he stated that Charles Terry and Jeremiah Shannon were the two men who did the job (meaning the larceny of diamonds, &c.); that if they were arrested that he (Willis) thought he could tell where the goods were; that he did not care to be in prison and suffer for what others had done; that he deal not care to be in prison and suffer for what others had done; that he declarations made by Willis the definitions of the declarations made by Willis the definitions of the declarations made by Willis the definitions.

that he saw the saw the saw that sold them to some stolen goods), who had sold them to some Broadway.

On the declarations made by Will'is the detectives arrested both Terry and Shannon, who were also arraigned before the magistrate and with Willis committed for examination, which will take place

A MISSING BANK CASHIER ARRESTED.

In the early part of last spring the inhabitants of the flourishing litte town of Lyons, Wayne county, in this State, were taken somewhat by surprise at the sudden decampment of one Beardsley Van Alstyne, cashier of the banking establishment known as that of Westfall's Bank. For some years the establishment had enjoyed the confidence of establishment had enjoyed the confidence of the people in the vicinity as well as of those who resided in the town itself; but a short time previous to last March Mr. Westfall disposed of his interest in the establishment, and it came into the hands of parties of whom Mr. Van Alstyne was one of the principal. Everything went on well until the 7th of last March, when it was discovered that the bank was closed and the prepossessing looking cashier was nowhere to be found. Funds and principal manager had mysteriously disappeared. Later in the same month Superintendent Kennedy was apprised of the affair by Mr. A. B. Warren, who had been considerable of a sufferer by the transaction. The requisite inquiries were made, but no trace of the absconding cashier could be found. Last Tuesday, however, Mr. Kennedy received information that a man answering to the description of Van Als yne was arrested that morning in the city of Baltimore by the detectives there. After satisfying himself that the prisoner was the man sought, the Superintendent ordered him to be brought on here. The prisoner arrived in this city yesterday. It has been ascertained that disastrous speculations drove him on to take the steps which he has taken, On leaving Lyons in March he came to this city and took steamer for Brazil, remaining in that country only three days, when he took passage on board a vessel and arrived in Baltimore last Tuesday, when he was taken prisoner by the police. On his person was found the sum of \$3,757 in gold, a handsome gold watch and a diamond pin and ring. Mr. A. P. Warren hearing of the arrest in Baltimore came to this city and attached the property of the prisoner with a view of getting back some of his lost property. It is said this gentleman has been a loser to the amount of \$12,000, and he intends to commence civil proceedings immediately against the accused. Yesterday Detective, Pontier, of Maryland, surrendered up the prisoner to the Superintendent of Police here and last evening he was forwarded to Wayne county for

The Fourth of July Celebration-The Elevated Railway.

The Board met yesterday afternoon, the President.

Mr. Stacom, presiding.

Mr. Lamb offered a preamble and resolution directing the appointment of a joint committee of five to make the necessary preparations for the celebration of our National Independence, and that the sum of \$30,000 be appropriated for that purpose.

The PRESIDENT intimated that one portion of the

The President intimated that one portion of the resolution could be adopted at that time, but that part relating to the expenditure of money would have to lie over.

Mr. Stephen Roberts said that the approaching anniversary of our National Independence would be the most important of any preceding Fourth of July, for by that time the whole of the States would be represented in Congress. Besides, a great political party would hold its national convention in this city on that day—an event which would bring forty or first thousand strangers to New York. There ought to be an exhibition of fireworks, and if an appropriation could be legally made for that purpose he would vote for it. The last Legislature cut down the appropriation for city contingencies, so that the Common Council could not make provision for such a celebration. That part of the resolution calling a celegration. That part of the resolution calling for the appointment of a committee was adopted. The President appointed Messrs. Gibney, Hart, Reilly, S. Roberts and Turner.

Relly, S. Roberts and Turner.

An invitation from the projectors of the Elevated Railway Company to take a trial trip next Tuesday, at ten o'clock A. M., was tendered and accepted.

ELECTION DISTRICTS.

Ordinances amending existing statutes so as to increase the number of election districts in the Eleventh, Eighteenth, Twelfth and Twentieth wards were adopted. A number of unimportant "general orders," respecting gas lamps, sewers, flagging sidewalks, &c., were adopted.

ROARD OF AUDIT.

This Board at its meeting yesterday announced This Board at its meeting yesterday announced decisions as follows:—

CLAIMS AGAINST THE COUNTY ALLOWED.

John W. Tyler. \$21 John S. Nafew. \$432
Stephen A. Lee. 100 P. B. Birdsall. 100
John Mahon. 300 E. Travers. 27
John M. Munson. 237
CLAIMS AGAINST THE COUNTY DISALLOWED.

Henry Kiersted. \$445 31
CLAIMS AGAINST THE CUTY ALLOWED.

Jacob Wolf. \$21 J. Hersen. \$423
W. Davis. 195 D. Keenan. 158
John Reardon. 223 N. Wright. 209
J. Kohie. 100 Childs & Smith. 755
John Muthall 150 T. Lynch. 93
C. O'Rorke. 89 Jos. Mahon. 33
P. Yule, Jr. 100 John Pettit. 254
R. Martin. 100 Broadway Bank. 47
CLAIMS AGAINST THE CITY DISALLOWED.

T. B. Toole. \$250 P. Kiernan. \$250
O. Keenan. 250 J. H. Toone. 307
I. A. Sayre. 500 M. Reynolds. 400
M. Tracey. 146 W. Bell. 11
O. Green. 87 J. Moran. 318
L. Clark. 146 J. Leonard. 198
A. Moser.. 15 A. Carey. 15
H. Fleitman. 147 A. Depew. 2,000
Testimony was taken in the cialm of John L.
Brower, who, for work in regulating and grading Eighth avenue from Eighty-second street to 1024
Street, in 1860, on a contract assigned to him, claims \$5,000. Additional testimony in several cases previously partly tried before the Board was taken, and the Board adjourned until noon to-day. lecisions as follows:--

THE ATHENEUM LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

Some three hundred ladies and their gallants ssembled at Dodworth's Rooms, Fifth avenue, corner of Twenty-sixth street, last evening, upon invitation of this association. "We are all young lawyers," announced one of the members, in conversation, "banded together with the laudable idea of mental improvement," and that gives the key to the character and object of the society's formation. There was the usual display of magnificent attires usually seen upon such occasions, which, with smiling faces, gave quite agcharming effect to the audience. The programme of entertainment consisted of orations, essays and declamations, effectively interspersed with musical morcaux. President Abraham Hershfield appropriately introduced the exercises by referring to the inception of the association one year since, recounting the many novel and characteristic debates they had in their regular meetings, and concluded with reference to the elevating medium of properly conducted literary societies. The residue of the order of exercises was very comprehensive; and although the young gentlemen orators did not advance much that was instructive nor always interesting, they demonstrated they possessed the essentials of eloquence, and occasionally presented bold pictures with some degree of rare tinting. Decidedly, the entertainment in all its phases is to be pronounced a success. lawyers," announced one of the members, in conver-

THE FREE TRADE LEAGUE.

The regular monthly meeting of this league took place last night at the rooms of the New York Historical Society. David Dudley Field occupied the chair, and upon opening the meeting delivered a brief address. George Opdyke was introduced to brief address. George Opdyke was introduced to the audience, which was very small, and delivered a lengthy address, in which he discussed the question of revenue from all its standpoints. He advocated a tax upon all property in the compound ratio of ability to pay and benefits derived, and endeavored to show that by levying a tax upon all property several millions per year now lost to the government would be realized.

At the conclusion of his address an animated discussion arose upon the suggestions offered by Mr. Opdyke, in which Dr. Alfred Carryll, David Dudley

Field and Charles Moran took an active part. Mr. Moran, in an able argument, advocated a reform in the collection of revenue, by which a tax upon sales only would be levied. He claimed that n the collection of the property of the collection would be levied. It is spen asies only would be levied. It is expense of collection would be obviated, the merchant would make monthly returns of his sales upon oath, the enormous number of officials employed in the collection would be reduced and there would be reduced and there would be reduced the collection of the c enormous number of officials employed in the collec-tion of revenue would be reduced and there would be no longer any necessity for individuals to make a public exhibit of their incomes, that had in the past laid bare the private circumstances of business men. and produced general disastisfaction. Other gentlemen participated in the discussion, which con-tinued until ten o'clock, when the League adjourned.

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

ACCIDENT .- Grace Watson, a little girl five years f age, sustained a compound fracture of the leg yesterday by falling from a stoop at No. 40 Dikeman street.

THE ADELPHI ACADEMY .- There was a large and hionable audience at the Brooklyn Academy of Music last night, on the occasion of the closing exercises of the pupils of the Adelphi Academy. BURGLARY .- The store of J. H. Green, at the corner of Bridge and Prospect streets, was feloniously entered yesterday morning, but the thieves became alarmed and fied without their booty and imple-

ecutive Committee of the Kings county democrats are already making arrangements for a grand ratifi-cation meeting. It will take place on Thursday, July 8. Prominent speakers are being looked up.

A VICTIM OF WHISKEY .- The Coroner held an inuest yesterday over the body of a man named Wilham Hogan. The deceased was found dead in the hallway of a house at the corner of Elizabeth and Doughty streets. The jury returned a verdict of death from intemperance. HELD FOR THE GRAND JURY .- Frederick Brandow

answer a charge of having stolen \$120 worth of jewelry from Mrs. Fanny Green, residing at No. 107 Prospect street. The accused pleaded guilty and was held to await the action of the Grand Jury. A MILEMAN FINED .- Valentine Bauer, a milkman, was taken before Justice Buckley yesterday on a

was taken before Justice Cornwell yesterday to

charge of violating the Health law, by keeping cow stables in Water street, near Hudson avenue, in a fifthy condition, and keeping cows without a permit. He was fined \$25. SACKETT STREET BOULEVARD.—Thomas Kinsella.

Anson P. Stevens and Nicholas Van Brunt were appointed by Justice Gubert, of the Supreme Court, yesterday, Commissioners of Estimate and Assess-ment in the improvement of the Sackett street Boule-vard, in the Ninth ward.

ASSAULT ON A CHILD .- A grocer named Marshal Clapp, doing business at the corner of Hoyt and At-lantic streets, was fined \$10 by Justice Delmar yesterday for assaulting a little girl named Kate Bowles, aged seven years. It appeared that the child had taken something from in front of the store of the defendant, when he committed the assault.

PROPOSED REDUCTION OF FIRE APPARATUS IN THE

WESTERN DISTRICT .- At a meeting of the Board of Estimates and Disbursements of the Fire Department vesterday directions were given to the Fire Commissioners to consult the Chief Engineer of the Western District, and in concurrence with him to report to the Board a reduction of the number of engine and hose companies of the Western district.

The Excise Law.—James Campbell was fined \$30

by Justice Riley yesterday for a violation of the Excise law. The accused keeps a place at No. 347 Myrtte avenue, and, as charged, did not have it effectually closed on Sunday, the 24th of May. Henry Horman was fined \$30 by Justice Cornwell yesterday for having violated the third section of the Excise law.

ACCUSED OF GRAND LARCENY .- Hardin Oakley was arrested and taken before Justice Buckley yes terday to answer a charge of grand larceny preferred by James Quigley. The complainant was the keeper by James Quigley. The complainant was the keeper of a club room in Fulton street, and on Saturday last, as alleged, the accused, who was in his employ, disappeared with about \$500 worth of furniture. It was shown that the prisoner was pointed out by the complainant to officer Gillen, of the Second precinct, New York, and handed over to detective Frost, who brought him to Brooklyn. Frost then found the furniture in a cellar in Columbia street, near Degraw. The accused was remanded to jail until Saturday.

WESTCHESTER.

CONVICTION OF MURDERERS .- At the adjourned term of the Court of Over and Terminer of Westchester county, at White plains, on Wednesday, Justice Lott presiding, Michael J. Canty and Charles Justice Lott presiding, Michael J. Canty and Charles Burke were placed on trial, indicted for having been accessories to the murder of Elien Hicks, who was shot by Corporal Thomas Fitzgerald, a soldier belonging to Fort Schuyler, in the town of Westchester, on the morning of the 2d August, 1866. At halfpast eleven o'clock the testimony was begun and was concluded by half-past five o'clock, the counsel for the prisoners introducing no witnesses. The testimony was strong against the prisoners, and both were identified as having been present, and also with having aided and abetted in prisoners, and both were identified as having been present, and also with having aided and abetted in the attempt to kill one Alexander Elliott, who it is alleged they went there to kill. The case was given to the jury about a quarter past eight o'clock at night, and after an absence of about five minutes returned a verdict of guilty. Justice Lott then announced that the prisoners would be remanded until the 10th day of July, when they will be taken to Bedford to receive their sentence.

VIOLATION OF THE GAME LAW .- Complaints have been made by the S county, against John Palmer, of Pleasantville; Alf. Burchison, of Armonek; Elisha Ferris and others for violating the law relative to the catching of fish in fresh water ponds by means of nets than resh water ponds by means of nets, they having drawn a net in Rye Lake, in which were several kinds of fish placed there at the expense of the Sportsman's Club. The case was brought before Squire Romer, at White Plains, yesterday. Tricker was arrested and held to ball.

NEW JERSEY.

MURDER OR SUICIDE.-Yesterday morning the dead body of a man named George Schober was found lying at the foot of Centre Hill. On the left side of his head there was a deep wound, apparently innicted by a pistol bullet. Close by his side lay a six
barrelled revolver, with five of the barrels loaded
and the other one had been recently discharged. He
has a brother-in-law residing in Highland avenue,
who stated that he has not seen Schober for three
weeks, and that the deceased usually carried with
him a considerable sum of money, but there was not
a cent in his possession when found. This
leads to the suspicion that Schober has been
murdered for the sake of his money and that
the revolver was laid at his side to prevent
suspicion. Many are of opinion, however, that he
committed suicide, as the place in which he was
found is not on the route to his brother-in-law's, and
it was five o'clock in the morning when the report of
the pistol was heard by persons living near the scene
of the occurrence. Justice Loder summoned a jury
yesterday to hold an inquest, but Coroner Warren
appeared and postponed it till Monday next in order
to have the case thoroughly investigated. Deceased
was an unmarried man, twenty-eight years of age,
resided at No. 24 West Forty-fifth street, New York,
and was clerk in a real estate office in the same city,
and has never been characterized as a man of melancholy spirits.

Jersey City.

Another Alleged Rioter Arrested.—A man his head there was a deep wound, apparently in-

ANOTHER ALLEGED RIOTER ARRESTED .- A man named Peter Ahern was arrested yesterday evening and charged with inciting the riotous mob in Provost street on the previous evening. Ahern had con-cealed himself since the disturbance, but was un-expectedly detected.

A BOY FOUND DROWNED .- About five o'clock yesterday afternoon the dead body of a boy was dis-covered floating in the North river, near the Bremen dock. He was about eleven years old, and dressed in a gray jacket and pants, and white linen shirt; had no shoes, and was not many hours in the water. The body awaits identification at Mr. Parselow's, and Coroner White will held an inquest to-morrow. SERIOUSLY INJURED.—A man employed at Meckel's

brewery was driving a car loaded with empty barreis through Eirst street, when the horse took fright and threw him from the car, causing a fracture of the skull. He was taken to the Sisters' Hospital, and is in a very precarious condition.

NARROW ESCAPE PROM DEATH.—At seven o'clock

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH.—At seven o'clock last evening a woman named Mary Grager, living at 193 Bloomfield street, had a most fortunate escape from being killed. Her husband had returned from New York, and she was in the act of hanging up his coat when a loaded pistol in the pocket exploded, sending the ball through her lips and teeth, which were shattered to pieces. She is not dangerously wounded. Newark.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT AT THE WASHOR TOOL FAC-SHOCKING ACCIDENT AT THE WASHOR TOOL FACTORY.—Vesterday a grinder named andrew Gorey:
thirty-four years of age, employed at the Washoe
tool factory, was aimost instantly killed through
having been struck by a large fragment of an emery
wheel which had burst while in a state of rapid
motion. The roof of the skull was completely
crushed in, causing death in a few moments. Deceased was a married man and had only commenced
work at this piace last Monday. His wife is now confined in jail for drunkenness. The unfortunate man
was removed to his residence, No. 54 Broome street.
A Coroner's inquest will be held to-morrow—This is
the second time within a week that a similar occurrence took place, but fortunately before without serious results.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON THE NEW JERSEY RAILROAD.—

FATAL ACCIDENT ON THE NEW JERSEY RAILROAD .-

Yesterday forenoon a young man, unmarried, named David H. Terhune, while pursuing his calling as a milkman his horse became restive, and before it could be governed dashed across the railroad track, near the Chestnut street depot, in front of an appraching locomotive. The engine struck the wagon and dashed it into atoms, throwing Terhune under the wheels of the train. The unfortunate man's right arm and foot were mutilated in a frightful manner. There being no proper place at the depot the poor man had to be removed in a carriage to the station house, where five surgeons attended him. Amputation was performed, but the poor fellow died shortly afterwards. Terhune lived with his relatives at Lyons Farms, a short disiance from here, and had been in the milk business but three weeks. During the war he served in the United States navy and was one of the survivors of the ill fated Monitor Wechawken.

NICARAGUA.

The Central American Transit Company and the Nicaraguan Government. RIVAS, May 26, 1868.

The public mind in Nicaragua continues to be

greatly agitated on the subject of the difficulties be-tween the government and the Central American

Transit Company and which have led to the temporary

abandonment by the Company of the Nicaraguan

route to California. The withdrawai of the steamers from this route has caused great dissatisfaction among the Nicaraguan people with the government among the Nicaraguan people with the government for refusing on insufficient grounds to fulfit their contract with the company, and there has been such an emphatic expression of public opinion on the subject that the President has thought it prudent to dispense with the services of the Minister on whose representations the course was decided upon which led to the rupture between the government and the American transit company. This is regarded but as preliminary to other steps on the part of the government looking to a speedy and satisfactory settlement of the difficulty and the return of the steamers on their regular trips. It is claimed by the defenders of the company that the government of Nicaragua has no power to annul the company's charter while no proof of bad faith exists, and it is contended that no such proof has been adduced. In an able letter, published recently in a local paper, Mr. Rosa Perez, one of the most prominent and influential citizens of Nicaragua, shows that, taking into account all the adverse circumstances under which the company has labored in carrying out its contract, everything that could reasonably be expected has been done by that corporation in fulfilment of the terms of their charter. He maintains in his letter that the company does not cease to exist, even if the government of Nicaragua should have an intention of extinguishing it, seeing that it is an authorized association, existing by an enactment of the State of New Jersey, organized and maintained according to the laws of that State, and having its transit business in Nicaragua in the same manner as any foreigner can do business here without losing his rights as a foreigner. He argues that the note of Mr. Ayon, the Minister, which has led to a suspension of the transit operations for the present, does not bind the judgment nor the future action of the government, because the Minister does not make any declaration that the company has forfeited its rights; that the decree of Congress ought not to be considered as a sentenc for refusing on insufficient grounds to fulfil their contract with the company, and there has been

reach and appreciate the consequences of their actions."

It is significant that the government has republished in the official Gazette M. Perce' letter in full, from which it would seem that they agree with his opinions. In fact, it is known that they have no intention of annuling the Transit Company's charter while no proof of bad faith exists, and there is every reason to believe that matters will soon be permantly settled and the transit reopened. It is admitted on all hands that a new contract is necessary, but the Nicaraguans are too much alive to the benefits to be reaped from the transit to submit quietly to an abandonment of the enterprise through want of encouragement on the part of their government. They regard their country as destined to furnish one of the highways of the world's commerce, and they are anxious to reap all the advantages which geographical position gives them, as well as to give every possible encouragement to capital for the development of its immense and varied natural resources. As the pioneer enterprise in this great work of national improvement, they look with peculiar favor upon the American Transit Company.

THE NEW HAMBURG STEAMSHIP HOLSATIA. The steamship Holsatia, built for the Hamburg

and American Steam Packet Company, arrived at this port on Monday on her first trip, after a rapid voyage of nine days and thirteen hours. splendid vessel, which was built by Caird & Co., of splendid vessel, which was built by Caira & Co., of Greenock, Scotland, at a cost of \$500,000 in gold, combines comfort, safety, speed, convenience and many improvements which the increased emigration from Europe demands. The length is 350 feet, with 45 feet beam, and a capacity of 3,200 tous. The depth of hold is 35 feet, and with a view to steadiness in heavy seas the bow is perpendicular, a construction which has not been much in vorme since the destruction of the elegant to steadiness in heavy seas the bow is perpendicular, a construction which has not been much in vogue since the destruction of the elegant and commodious steamship Connaught, of the Galway line, about eight years ago. The engine, which is of 575 horse power, is constructed of cast steel on all joints where there is a strain or an excessive wear and tear, and is fed by four boilers with six furnaces each. The screw is seventeen and a haif feet in diameter and has a pitch of twenty-eight feet. In case the wheelhouse should be swept away, there is a contrivance below for steering as effectively as in the ordinary way. A brass disc is set up in the wheelhouse with an indicator, which responds to the beek of the captain, nearly two hundred feet distant, by means of a telegraph wire, which also strikes a bell at each indication. The disc is so graduated that the man at the wheel has as clear an idea of the dhection to be pursued as if he were on the lookout ahead. The saloons and cabins are furnished with numerous ornamental details, and the magnificent oil paintings of Scottish, American and German scenery may challenge comparison with the best productions of art. Eighty first class, one hundred and twenty second class, and six hundred steerage passengers can be accommodated. The steerage passengers for once are furnished with wash rooms, and receive that consideration hitherto denied to that class of our fellow men whose lot it is to be abject and despised. The vessel is commanded by Captain Ehlers, and is manned by a crew of one hundred and thirty men.

MARRIAGE IN COURT.

(From the Evening Telegram, June 25.)

The city police courts are chiedy noted for drunken exhibitions, gross profanity and foul smells of bad whiskey. The daily routine exhibits life in all its phases, for there the rich and poor, drunken and sober, aristocrat and plebian, assemble in search of "blind justice."

This morning the monotony and sameness was somewhat varied. Immediately after the close of the morning business Justice Dodge and a select few of invited spectators adjourned to the examination room, when a young German and his beloved soon after entered, accompanied by a groomsman and bride's maid. None of the party could speak English, and the Justice knew no German. In this dilemma "Baron" Schleicher, court interpreter, was summoned, and the solemn marriage services began. The happy bridegroom gravely arose and clasped the hand of the bride in his. The marriage services were uttered and interpreted, and the happy bridegroom gave forth his responsive "Paw" in deep gutturals, his face as grave as a sexton's. Then came the bride's part. In answer to the interrogatories she blushed and stammered forth her "Yaws," and at the conclusion they unclasped hands.

"Now kiss your bride," commanded the Justice.

Four lips came in collision, a short, quick sound was heard, and quietude reigned in the coart. A moment later

Two souls with but a single thought.
Two hearts that beat as one,

were made happy, and the pridegroom walked out of court smiling upon the peariof "Fatherland."

THE WEEKLY HERALD.

The Cheapest and Best Newspaper in the

The WERELY HERALD of the present week, now ready, contains the very latest Buropean News by the Cable up to the hour of publication; Telegraphic Despatches from all parts of the World; The National Democratic Convention; A Biographical Sketch of Chief Justice Chase; The Message of President John son, vetoing the bill to admit Arkansas to representation in Congress; The Trial of John H. surratt; the Current News of the Week; the Fashious; Amusements; Varieties; Industrial Items; Facetie; Scienific, Artistic, Sporting, Political, Religious and Literary Intelligence; Editorial articles on the prominent topics of the day; Our Agricultural Budget; Reviews of the Cattle, Horse, Dry Goods and Boot and Shoe Markets; Financial and Commercial Intelligence, and accounts of all important and interesting events of the week.

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